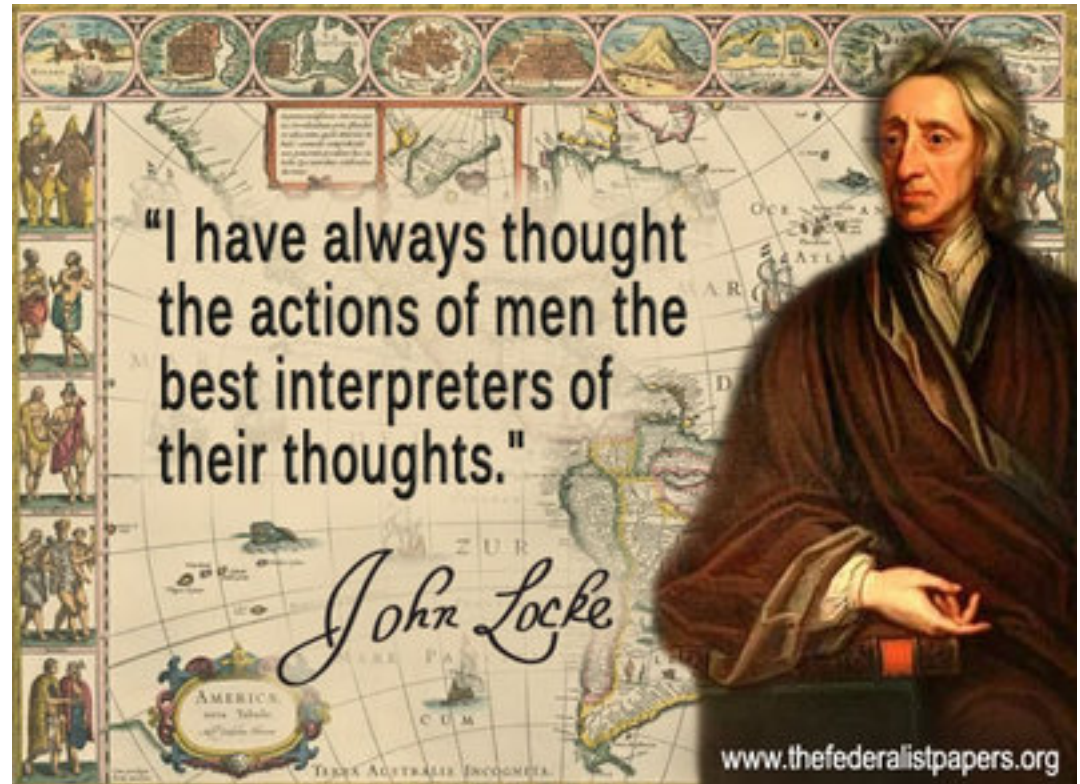


Bell Work

- Take out your Enlightenment worksheet from last week.
- Read chapter 21 section 2.



Chapter 21 Section 2 Part 1

7.62 Describe the accomplishments of major Enlightenment thinkers, including Locke and Charles-Louis Montesquieu.

The Big Idea

- Enlightenment ideas influenced the growth of democratic governments in Europe and America.

Main Ideas

- The Enlightenment influenced some monarchies. (Today)
- Enlightenment thinkers helped the growth of democratic ideas. (Today)
- In America, the Enlightenment inspired a struggle for independence. (Tomorrow)

Main Idea #1

The Enlightenment influenced some monarchies.

- In the 1600s, kings, queens, and emperors ruled Europe. Many of these rulers believed that they ruled by divine right, or by God's will.

Main Idea #1

The Enlightenment influenced some monarchies.

- **Divine Right**

- Most rulers believed that they ruled by divine right.
- They believed that God had given them the right to rule as they chose.
- They believed they shouldn't be limited by bodies such as England's parliament.

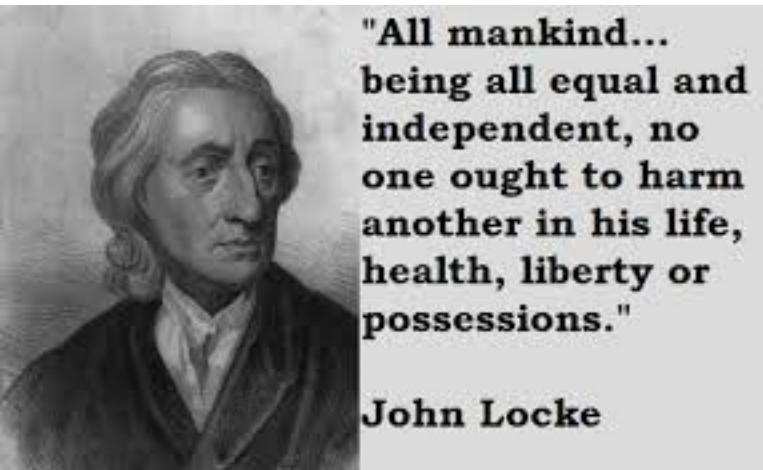
- **Enlightened Despots**

- A despot is a ruler with absolute power. The enlightened despots tried to make life better for commoners in order to make their countries stronger.
- Frederick II of Prussia and Catherine the Great of Russia were two such rulers.

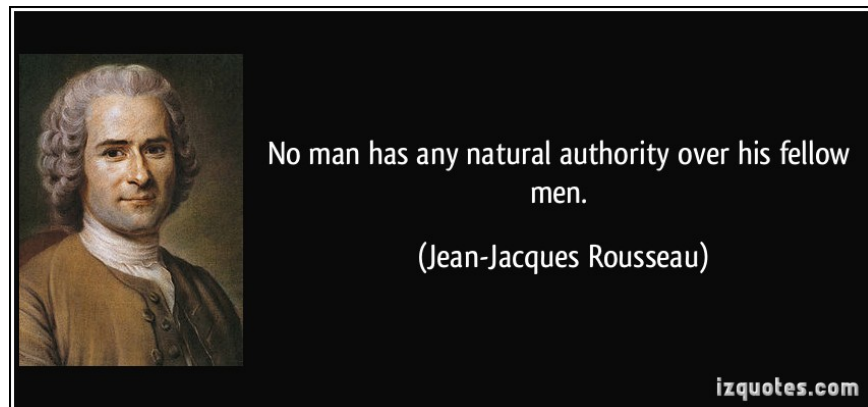
Main Idea #2

Enlightenment thinkers helped the growth of democratic ideas.

- Even though the enlightened despots helped improve their countries, people still looked for a greater change.



To become truly great, one has to stand with people, not above them.
Charles De Montesquieu
meetville.com



Democratic Ideas

- Three Enlightenment thinkers developed new ideas to identify the best possible form of government.
- Read about Locke, Montesquieu, and Rousseau on p. 617 and 617.
- Summarize each section in your notes. .
 - John Locke was an English philosopher who argued that government was a contract between the rulers and the people. Government is for the good of the people.
 - Charles-Louis Montesquieu, a Frenchman, believed that government should be divided into separate branches in order to limit its power.
 - Jean-Jacques Rousseau, who was also French, criticized the power of divine right. He believed that government should express the will of the people.

Exit Ticket

- Create a TCAP style question on something you learned today. You must include the answer.