

BELL WORK

A silhouette of a samurai in a dark, flowing robe, holding a katana with both hands. The samurai is positioned in the lower-left foreground, facing right. Behind them is a large, bright, full moon that fills most of the upper and middle portions of the frame. The background is dark, suggesting a night sky. The overall mood is dramatic and evocative.

- Read *Modern Samurai* on p. 457.
- Complete the *Analyzing Information* question.

Japan Lesson 8

I can explain 1) how the military society emerged in the late 12th century and 2) the role of the shogun and samurai.

7.31 Analyze the rise of a military society in the late twelfth century and the role of the shogun and samurai in the society.



Essential Questions

- What caused order to break down in Japan?
- Why was there internal rebellion?
- Who led to the unification of Japan?
- What led to isolation in Japan?

What Mastery Looks Like

- You should be able to make a flow chart that describes the major events that happened from the 1200s to 1800s in Japan.

5 Minute History of Japan

- <http://www.socialstudiescms.com/#!japan/cyvb>

Order Breaks Down

- The shoguns kept order in Japan for about a century.
- Serious challenges brought order to an end.
- What is one challenge we learned about when we discussed China?



Mongols vs. Samurai

Mongol Invasions of Japan in 1274 and 1281

Foreign Invasion



I'll be back.

Foreign Invasion

- In 1281, the Mongols came back.
- This time the Mongols sent two huge armies.
- For weeks, the two armies were locked in deadly combat.
- **PREDICT what happened next!**



Foreign Invasion

- Another storm!
- The storm swept over Japan, sinking most of the Mongol fleet.
- The Japanese called the storm the kamikaze, which means, “divine wind.”
- Many nobles were left unhappy. They didn’t think the shogun gave them enough credit for their part in the fighting.
- This led to resentment of the Shogun’s power over them.

Can't we all just



GET ALONG!?



**KEEP
CALM
AND
HUG IT
OUT**

Internal Rebellion

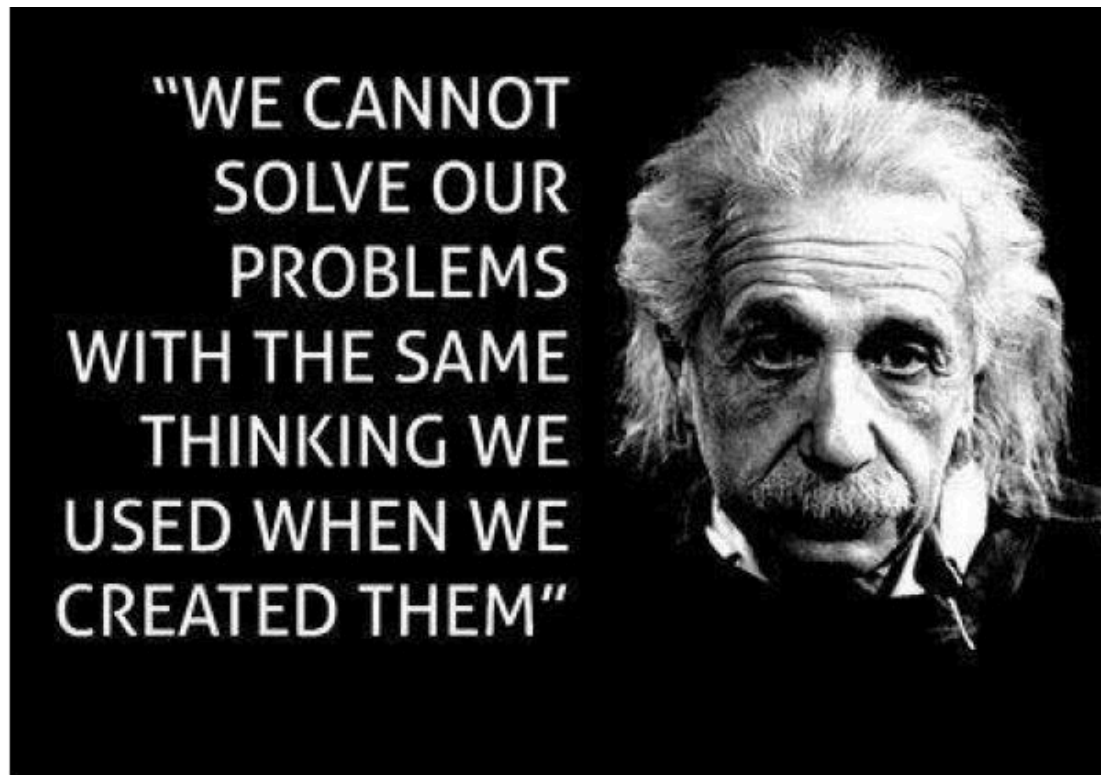
- The emperor began to fight the shogun for control of the country.
- The daimyo, fought to break free of the shogun's control.
- Small wars broke out all over Japan.

Internal Rebellion

- By the 1400s, the shoguns had lost most of their authority.
- The emperor really was powerless.
- The daimyo was only controlled his territory.
- There was no powerful central authority of any sort to impose order in Japan.

What will it take?

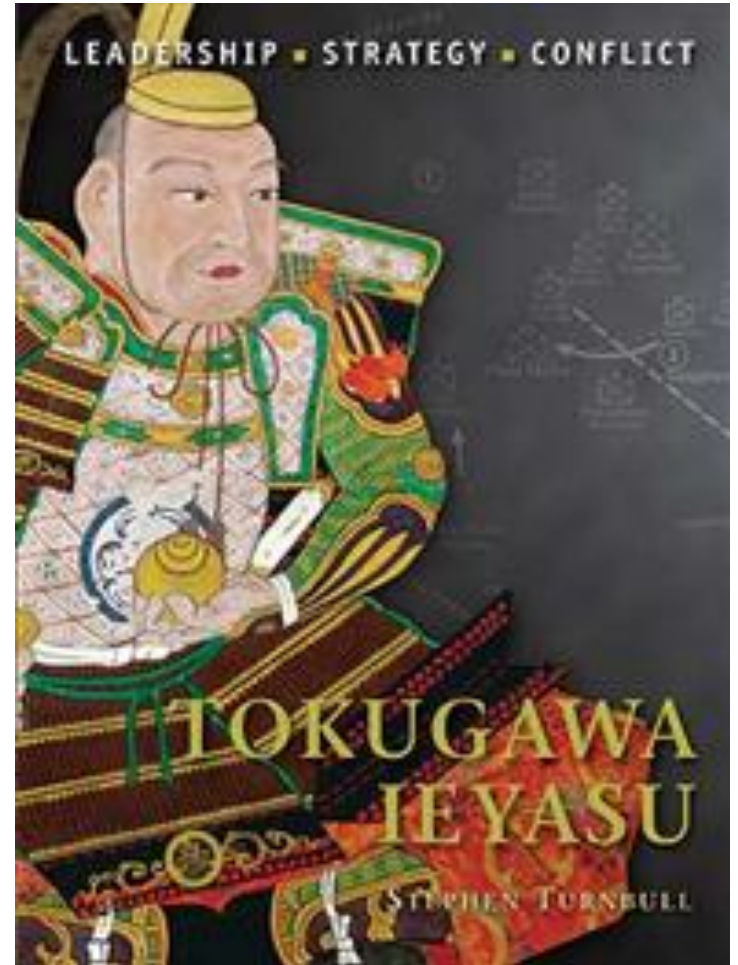
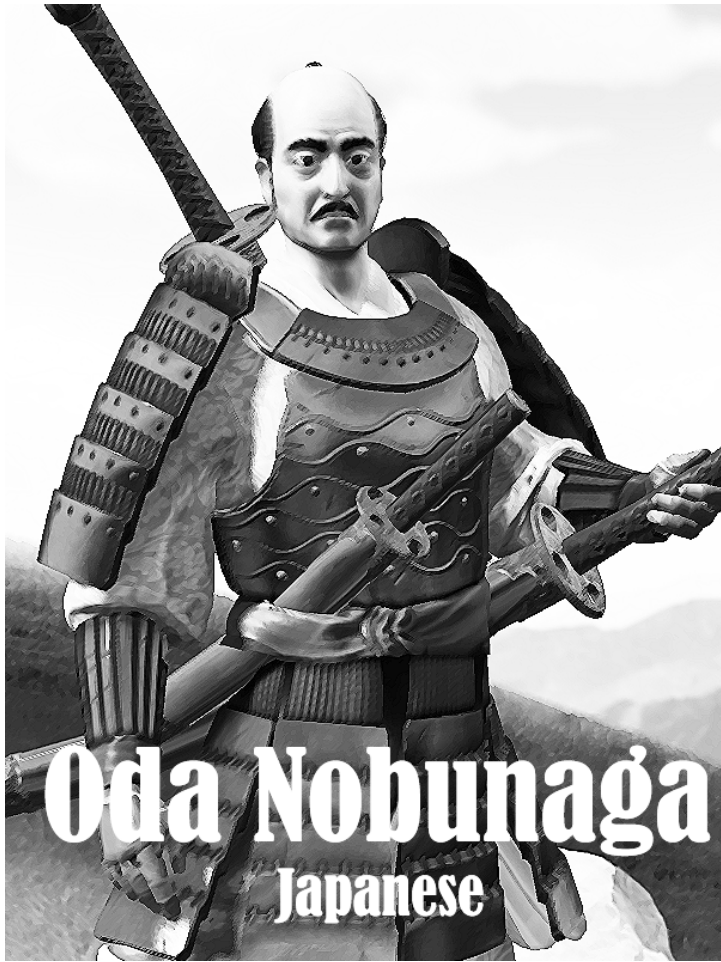
- PREDICT: What will have to happen to save Japan from permanent disorder?



Strong Leaders Take Over

- Unification
 - Oda Nobunaga defeated opponents by giving his soldiers guns that had been brought by Portuguese traders.
 - After Oda died, other leaders continued his efforts to unify Japan.
 - By 1600, Tokugawa Ieyasu conquered his enemies and was made shogun.
 - From his capital, Edo, (now Tokyo) he ruled all of Japan.

Unification



Isolation

- Read *Isolation* on p. 459.
- Be ready to discuss.

Exit Ticket

- Choose three questions to answer from the **Section 3 Assessment** on p. 459.
- Or
- Create a flow chart that explains the major events that happened in Japan from 1200s to 1800s.